

INTRODUCTION

Preface

Locally Administered Projects (LAP) Manual

Purpose

This Locally Administered Projects manual has been written to assist the Local Public Agency (LPA) in the administration of local-let transportation projects, as well as to provide consistency on a statewide basis. It also provides guidance for VDOT staff responsible for supporting these projects.

The manual describes the processes, procedures, documents, authorizations, approvals and certifications that are required in order to receive federal aid and/or state funds for many types of local transportation projects. The information has been compiled from numerous sources and is intended to give a broad overview of local-let activities. This manual should not be used as a substitute for federal and state laws, statutes and regulations for project administration activities using federal funds. Rather, this document is intended to foster the expeditious and lawful delivery of local projects.

While the manual provides detailed guidance for most parts of the project development process, it is not a replacement for regular contact with VDOT staff. Please work closely with the staff of the appropriate VDOT district office for your project.

Organization of the manual

Definitions and acronyms

This section provides a list of frequently used terms and definitions found throughout the manual. Terms are defined as they pertain to this manual.

Symbols

Occasionally, symbols are used – at times with bold or italicized font – in this manual to highlight important information. Generally, the following three symbols are used:



Required submission

Important information

Must be kept on file

The manual is divided into four parts. Each part contains several chapters which describe the requirements for completing specific project development activities.

Part 1 is focused on overall program development that addresses roles and responsibilities, qualifications, and project initiation. This section details requirements for state-funded projects and delineates differences in certain special programs.

Part one will be helpful to LPAs in understanding VDOT's approach to locally administered projects.

Part one appendices include:

- a flow chart summarizing major activities required to develop a transportation project.
- a federal-aid checklist of tasks necessary to complete various project phases.
- a Local Government Certification for state-aid projects.

Part 2 is focused on project management and provides guidance for project development and construction. This part is organized to reflect the flow of a project from the development of the project administration agreement through construction and project closeout. In each chapter, there is a general discussion section which gives background information, applicability, regulatory requirements and the rationale for the requirements. This is followed by a

detailed description of procedures, documents and approvals. In most cases, general discussion appears at the beginning of each chapter, while details of the process appear later in the chapters. Back-up data appears in appendixes to each chapter.

Part 2 will be helpful to LPAs for day to day project development.

Part 3 addresses standards and practices for functional areas that cut across phases of project delivery including: civil rights, environmental, right of way, structure and bridge, and financial management. Part 3 contains detailed information for each of the functional areas and will be helpful to LPAs in identifying specific requirements.

Generally, in parts 2 and 3 of the manual, the chapters follow this outline:

- *Introductory/Summary/Applicability*
- *Processes/Procedures*
- *Table of Key Submittals/Requirements*

Appendices include chapter specific information

Part 4 provides a list of required submittals for federally funded projects and contains samples of properly completed submittals.

Effective Date

This document is intended to supersede and replace all previous versions of the guide for the local administration of VDOT projects. All projects with an advertisement date after July 1, 2009, will be developed in accordance with this manual. If provisions found in this manual place an undue hardship on projects

scheduled for advertisement before September 30, 2009, VDOT may allow the locality to use guidance from the previous Guide.

Updating Process

The LAP manual is revised periodically to reflect changes in funding programs and eligibility requirements. When changes are necessary, VDOT posts the updated pages on its Web site, with the latest revision dates listed in the Table of Contents.

Comments and suggestions for improvement of the manual are welcome. Please forward to the Director of Local Assistance, where they will be considered in the next revision.

INTRODUCTION

Definitions

Locally Administered Projects (LAP) Manual

Definitions and Acronyms

AASHTO - American Association of State Highway Transportation Officials

Acquisition – The process of obtaining right of way necessary to construct or support your project.

ACE - Area Construction Engineer, VDOT's field engineer that has the responsibility of determining that all construction and maintenance projects are being constructed in compliance with the plans and specifications

ADA - The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 which mandates sweeping changes in building codes, transportation, and hiring practices to prevent discrimination against persons with disabilities, not just in projects involving federal dollars, but all new public places, conveyances, and employers.

BR - Federal Bridge Program

CAAA - The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 identify "mobile sources" (vehicles) as primary sources of pollution and call for stringent new requirements in metropolitan areas and states where attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) is or could be a problem.

CADD - Computer Aided Design

Categorical Exclusion CE (NEPA) - Categorical exclusions are actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the environment. Once a categorical exclusion is approved for a project, environmental clearance requirements of the National Environment Policy Act (NEPA) have been satisfied.

Capital Improvement Plan - is a planning document that outlines a locality's long range capital improvement objectives and priorities and typically includes major investments in the locality's transportation, schools, and parks and recreation infrastructure.

CEDAR - Comprehensive Environmental Data and Reporting System, VDOT's environmental database

CEI - Construction Engineering & Inspection

Central Office - The headquarters office of the VDOT which is located at 1401 East Broad St., Richmond, VA 23219.

CEP - Concurrent Engineering Process - The Concurrent Engineering process guides VDOT's Preliminary Engineering. It establishes guidelines for increased involvement of all stakeholders in the project lifecycle, with the goals of improving project coordination and communication, and ultimately improving the quality of the design-construction process.

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations The codified administrative regulations of the federal government.

CMAQ - The Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program is a \$6 billion funding program contained in Title I of ISTEA. Funds are provided for projects and activities which reduce congestion and improve air quality.

CMS - Congestion Management Systems require large metropolitan areas (200,000 population or more) and states to develop management plans which make new and existing transportation facilities more effective through the use of travel demand management and operational management strategies.

Coast Guard Permit - A permit issued by the Coast Guard for all structures in navigable waterways (Rivers and Harbors Act (33 USC9)).

CTB - Commonwealth Transportation Board

Comprehensive Plan - The general, inclusive long-range statement of the future development of a community. The plan is typically a map accompanied by description and supplemented by policy statements that direct future capital improvements in an area.

Completion Letter - A letter from the Local Public Agency Project Manager notifying the construction contractor that a project is complete.

Construction - Those activities that are involved in the building of a new road facility or improvement of an existing facility to a higher geometric or structural standard or serve to increase the capacity or efficiency of an existing facility.

Consultant - A private individual, corporation or other business organization that may be selected to provide architectural, engineering, environmental, or other related technical services for a local agency project.

Consultant Service - Utilization of professional expertise external to an agency, on a contract basis, to perform a specific study, project, or task. Does not include personal-service contracts for routine, continuing, and necessary tasks

DBE - Disadvantaged business enterprise, a small business concern: (a) which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals, or, in the case of any publicly-owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals; and (b) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it.

DEIS - Draft Environmental Impact Statement, a document identifying a course of action, alternative actions, analysis of the environmental impacts of alternates considered and proposed mitigation of impacts. The DEIS is circulated to other agencies and the public for review and comment.

DPOR - Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Department of Transportation - The Department of Transportation of the Commonwealth of Virginia, also referred to as the Department, State, or VDOT.

Design Hearing - A public hearing to examine the design features of a proposed transportation facility.

District - A subdivision of the Department organized to administer the affairs of the Department for a specific geographical area and for the local agencies in that area.

Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) - A document identifying a course of action, alternative actions, analysis of the environmental impacts of

alternates considered, and proposed mitigation of impacts. The DEIS is circulated to other agencies and the public for review and comment.

EA - Environmental Assessment, a document prepared for federally funded, permitted, or licensed projects, that are not categorical exclusions (CE) but do not appear to be of sufficient magnitude to require an EIS. The EA provides sufficient analysis and documentation to determine if a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) can be adopted or if an EIS must be prepared.

EE – Engineer’s Estimate

ECAD - External and Construction Audit Division of VDOT

EEO - Equal Employment Opportunity. A general term referring to all contract provisions relative to EEO.

Effective Authorization Date - This is the date after which work that is to be reimbursed with federal funds may begin. Any costs for work occurring prior to this date are not eligible for federal reimbursement.

EIS - Environmental Impact Statement, a detailed written statement of project environmental effects required by state and/or federal law. This term refers to either a Draft or Final Environmental Impact Statement, or both, depending on context.

Environmental Document - A term used for any document that identifies the social, economic, and environmental effects of a proposed action.

Fair Offer - An offer to acquire real property for just compensation, which is the approved appraisal of the property’s fair market value.

FAR - Federal Acquisition Regulations

Federal-aid - As used in this manual, refers to Federal funds provided for the development of surface transportation and administered by the FHWA. It also includes FHWA administered funds from previous acts frequently titled Highway Acts.

Federal Funds - Federal funds reflect the amount of federal funding available for a project. Depending on the type of federal program funding requested, the federal share may be different. For most programs (although there are exceptions), the federal share is 80 percent of the total eligible project costs. However, the total amount of federal funds received is subject to either the federal aid limit shown in the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) or the limit established by the type of federal-aid program.

FEIS - Final Environmental Impact Statement is a document containing an evaluation of the course of action that an agency intends to follow. It contains the same information required for the DEIS, with appropriate revisions reflecting comments received from circulation of the DEIS and from public meetings.

FHWA - Federal Highway Administration; The Federal agency responsible for administering the Federal-aid Highway Program

FHWA Authorization - The action taken by FHWA when signing the Authorization / Agreement document or the Amendment / Modification document. This action obligates federal funds at the specified pro-rata share for the specific type of project costs identified on the Authorization / Agreement or Amendment / Modification.

Final Estimate - An estimate of the total cost of a project prepared after completion of the construction contract and used as the basis for final payment to the contractor.

FMV - Fair Market Value

FOIA - Freedom of Information Act

Force-Account Work - Construction work not covered in the contract documents and of a type not amenable to definition by a change order. Force-account reimbursement is used when it is difficult to provide adequate measurement or to estimate the cost of certain items of work. The contractor is reimbursed for the cost of the work plus profit using established weighted wage rates, equipment-rental rates, and the invoice cost of materials.

HES - Hazard Elimination Safety Program

HMOF – The Highway Maintenance and Operating Fund provides for the VDOT's maintenance, operations and administrative needs

IFB - Invitation for Bids

LAD - Local Assistance Division – the VDOT division that sets policy for locally administered projects.

Lead Agency - A federal, state, or local agency taking primary responsibility for preparing an environmental document.

Liquidated Damages - Amounts of money to be assessed against a contractor for late completion. These amounts must be related to the actual damages suffered by the owner because of the late completion.

Local Match - That portion of a project's cost paid for with local agency funds.

Location Hearing - A public hearing to examine the location of a proposed transportation facility, also called corridor or route hearing.

LPA - Local Public Agency – a Virginia city, county, town or other local public agency; In many instances, this term is used loosely to include nonprofit organizations.

MOA - Memorandum of Agreement

MPO - Metropolitan Planning Organization is the agency designated by the Governor (or governors in multistate areas) to administer the federally required transportation planning in a metropolitan area. An MPO must be in place in every urbanized area over 50,000 population. The MPO is responsible for the long-range plans and the transportation improvement program. The official name for an MPO may also be Council of Governments, Planning Association, Planning Authority, Regional or Area Planning Council, Regional or Area Planning Commission.

MUTCD - Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, USDOT and FHWA.

NEPA - National Environmental Policy Act

NHS - National Highway System

Nonparticipating Items - Items of project work that are not a part of the federal aid funding.

Notice of Intent - A federal notice, printed in the Federal Register, advising that an EIS will be prepared and considered for a proposal.

Obligation - An obligation is a commitment – the Federal government’s promise to pay the Federal share of a project’s eligible cost. This commitment occurs when the project is authorized by FHWA and the Authorization/Agreement or the Amendment/Modification is executed through FMIS. Obligation is a key step in financing. Obligated funds are considered “used,” or set aside for that particular project, even before any cash is transferred.

Obligation Authority (OA) - Yearly, the United States Congress places a limitation on obligations that can take place during a certain federal fiscal year, regardless of the year in which federal funds were apportioned or allocated.

OJT - On the Job Training

OMB - Office of Management and Budget

PAA - Project Administration Agreement

Partial Acquisition - The taking of only a part of a property for public use under the power of eminent domain and for which just compensation must be paid, offsetting the damages and/or special benefits to the remaining property.

Phase - For the purposes of Federal-aid authorization, the development of a project is broken into stages or phases; Preliminary Engineering, Right of Way and Construction. Each of these phases must be individually authorized, usually at different times in the development of a project.

PCE - Programmatic Categorical Exclusion

PCES - Project Cost Estimating System

Plans, Specifications and Estimates Package (PS&E) - A packet of information needed to obtain Federal authorization prior to the advertisement of a project for construction bids. Its content shall include a copy of the project agreement (if not previously submitted), the Project Engineer's official cost estimate, a copy of the plans, the environmental consultation form, the right of way certification, and a copy of the project specifications. The estimate and plans must be signed and sealed by a professional engineer, and the number of copies will vary by VDOT district.

Preliminary Engineering (PE) - This phase includes all project initiation and development activities undertaken after its inclusion in the approved STIP through the completion of PS&E. It may include preliminary Right of Way engineering and investigations necessary to complete the environmental document.

Preliminary Environmental Inventory (PEI) - is the resulting document from SERP. It is used in development and design of the project in order to avoid or minimize potential environmental impacts early in the development phase.

Prequalified Contractor - The selected contractor is prequalified by VDOT for a specific work type through the submission of credentials. A list of prequalified contractors and prequalification work types is maintained on VDOT's website.

Prequalifying Prospective Bidders - A process by which a contracting agency in advance of considering, opening, or accepting bids, or in advance of issuing bid proposals, establishes limitations on amounts and types of work contractors are permitted to bid on and to have underway at one time.

Primary – A non-interstate road with a route number under 600 that is not maintained by a municipality.

Progress Billing - A request from a local agency or contractor to VDOT for state/federal reimbursement for work completed on a federal aid transportation project during a defined time period.

Progress Estimate - An estimate of the total amount of work completed by a contractor as of the estimate date listed by work item.

Project Manager -The person designated by a local agency to oversee development of a project.

Pro Rata Share - The percentage of eligible and authorized project costs paid by the Federal government. With a few exceptions, the Federal government does not pay for the entire cost of construction or improvement of Federal-aid highways. Federal funds must be matched with funds from other non-federal sources.

Public Involvement Plan - A required, integral part of an environmental study plan which outlines procedures for presenting information to the public, obtaining public comment, and considering public opinion.

QAP - Quality Assurance Plan

RA - Residency Administrator, VDOT's manager in a local field office overseeing one to six counties.

Record of Decision - A document prepared by the federal lead agency, after an EIS has been completed, outlining the final decision on a proposal. It identifies the decision, alternatives considered, and measures to minimize harm; and it outlines a monitoring or enforcement program.

RFP - Request for Proposals

Right of Way (R/W) - This phase includes the work necessary to appraise and acquire project right of way, relocate individuals or businesses, and revise or relocate utilities.

SAFETEA-LU - Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act is the current federal appropriation act for transportation funds.

RSTP - Regional Surface Transportation Program funds are federal funds used for transportation projects in urban areas. Project selection for RSTP funds is made by the local MPO.

Section 4(F) Evaluation - A document presenting the consideration, consultations, mitigative measures, and alternatives studied for the use of properties identified in Section 4(F) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act as amended (49 USC 1653H).

Section 4(F) Lands - Generally, public parks, recreation areas, wildlife refuges, and historic sites.

SERP - State Environmental Review Process is the process that allows state environmental agencies the opportunity to comment on Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) projects at the earliest possible stage and supply environmental resource information regarding them

Socially And Economically Disadvantaged Individuals - Black Americans, Hispanic Americans, Native Americans, Asian-Pacific Americans, Asian-Indian Americans, and any other minorities or individuals found to be disadvantaged by the Small Business Administration pursuant to Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act. These individuals must be U.S. citizens or lawfully admitted permanent residents.

Special Provisions - A portion of the construction contract specifications separate from the General Provisions and covering conditions unique to a specific project.

SSYP - Secondary Six Year Plan is a county's plan and budget for secondary road projects.

Standard Specifications - Sets of typical construction contract specifications.

State Fiscal Year - Begins on July 1 and ends on June 30 of each calendar year. For example, July 1, 2008 is the beginning of the state fiscal year 2009

State funds - As used in this manual, includes the State funds provided to local agencies for specific transportation projects.

STIP - Statewide Transportation Improvement Program; A three year list of all State and local transportation projects proposed for Federal surface transportation funding with the State. This is developed by VDOT with

cooperation of the MPOs and in consultation with the local non-urbanized government. The STIP includes the TIPs, which are incorporated by reference and other rural federally funded projects. The STIP, including incorporated TIPs is only valid for use after FHWA approval..

SYIP - Six Year Improvement Program is VDOT's plan to allocate funds for transportation projects proposed for construction, development, or study in the next six years

TEA-21 - Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century.

23 USC - The section (Title 23) of the United States Code containing laws relating to highways.

23 CFR - The section (Title 23) of the Code of Federal Regulations containing regulations (general and permanent rules published in the Federal Register) relating to highways. Not included are regulations based on Civil Rights requirements in Title 49, the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Policies, and other Federal laws and regulations as described in this manual.

TIP - Transportation Improvement Program is a three-year transportation investment strategy, required at the metropolitan level, and a two-year program at the state level, which addresses the goals of the long-range plans and lists priority projects and activities for the region.

Total Cost - Total cost on a federally funded project includes all federal funds, state funds, local funds, private funds, in-kind contributions, nonparticipating funds, and other funds on the project.

TMA - MPOs with populations over 200,000 are designated as Transportation Management Areas (TMAs).

TTF - The Transportation Trust Fund was created by the 1986 Special Session. VDOT manages the 78.7% of the TTF funds dedicated by the Code of Virginia for highway construction.

UCI - Urban Construction Initiative provides participating municipalities with the opportunity to manage their entire construction program.

UPC - Universal Project Code is a unique number assigned to each project funded through VDOT.

UPM - Urban Program Managers are the primary VDOT liaison with the municipalities in the urban system

USC - United States Code

USPAP - Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice

VDHR - Virginia Department of Historic Resources

VDOT - Virginia Department of Transportation

VE - Value Engineering (VE) is a systematic, creative study process conducted by engineers and technicians to obtain optimum value for every dollar spent. The Code of Virginia requires VDOT to employ value engineering in conjunction with any project on any highway system using criteria established by the Department and including but not limited to all projects costing more than \$5 million.

VPPA- Virginia Public Procurement Act

VMT - Vehicle Miles Traveled